Novel parameterization of event-related potentials: a step towards characterizing the biophysical origins Eena Kosik^{*1}, Dillan Cellier^{*1}, Michael Preston^{*1}, Parsa Seyfourian^{2,3}, Leslie Claar², Lydia Marks², Christof Koch², Irene Rembado², Bradley Voytek¹

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Background

- Despite the fact that event related potentials (ERPs) are highly studied electrophysiological signatures of brain activity, their biophysiological origins remain an active area of debate
- Recent evidence from animal models suggests that cortical ERP amplitudes are modulated by temporal synchrony of thalamocortical bursting activity
- Canonical ERP analyses entail averaging over pre-defined time windows and extracting amplitude/latency metrics -- commonly from difference waves (between conditions)
- Here, we introduce a novel ERP parameterization method (ERPparam) which over-parameterizes waveform shape features which may relate to underlying temporal dynamics



Model Description & Parameterization

Fitting Procedure

- **1.** Find candidate peak: defined as max point in signal
- **2. Fit** guess gaussian around peak
- **3. Subtract** guess gaussian from signal

4. Repeat steps 1-3 until the user-specified max number of peaks is

reached, or until highest point in the signal is lower than noise threshold





Application in mouse LFP data



-0.10 -0.05 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20

time (s)





-0.10 -0.05 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20

time (s)





Data Description

- Data acquired in collaboration with Allen Brain Institute
- Neuropixels contact in visual cortex
- 119 trials (~29 trials per quartile) Mouse running consistently

regions

Relating ERPparam to other ERP methodologies

Empirically Tested	Biologically Interpretable
\checkmark	?
\checkmark	?
~	
\checkmark	
?	~
?	
?	

• Future initiatives:

• Open questions:

- influence theories at the level of non-invasive EEG?





 Sensitivity analysis of hyperparameters used in ERPparam Potential incorporation of more established ERP metrics for ease of comparison Application of ERPparam tool in empirical datasets to bridge scales of analysis Can we account for confounding oscillations prior to fitting (esp. for single trial, invasive data)?
Can the trial-averaged ERP waveform act as a template for model assessment of single trials? **QR CODE** How empirically valid are the specific parameters ERPparam is fitting? • How can our biological models, which relate to activity at the level of spiking and LFP, inform or

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